09/060,343

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6:		(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/4727
H04N	A2	(43) International Publication Date: 22 October 1998 (22.10.98
(21) International Application Number: PC	T/US98/075	67 (81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BF, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE
(22) International Filing Date: 14 April 1	998 (14.04.9	GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, K2 LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW
(30) Priority Data: 60/043 248 16 April 1997 (16.04.9)	97) 1	MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, T. TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO pater (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian pater

US

(71) Applicant: STARSIGHT TELECAST, INCORPORATED [US/US]; 3rd floor, 39650 Liberty Street, Fremont, CA 94538 (US).

14 April 1998 (14.04.98)

- (72) Inventor: LEFTWICH, Jim; Suite F, 131 Hawthome Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94301 (US).
- (74) Agents: KRUEGER, Charles, E. et al.; Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP, 8th floor, Two Embarcadero Center, San Francisco, CA 94111-3834 (US).
- (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.

- (54) Title: MULTIPLE DATABASE, USER-CHOICE-COMPILED PROGRAM AND EVENT GUIDE
- (57) Abstract

An electronic programming guide generator utilizes filters to select only programming filtered to display in an electronic programming guide display.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
СН	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

1

MULTIPLE DATABASE, USER-CHOICE-COMPILED PROGRAM AND EVENT GUIDE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The present invention generally relates to television schedule information, and more particularly to a system and method for providing previews of scheduled programming to assist a viewer in making scheduling decisions.

As the number of television stations in a metropolitan area or on a cable network has increased, the number of programs of potential interest that are presented to a viewer has risen dramatically. With the use of dish antennas capable of receiving direct satellite signals, the multitude of programs available to the viewer has further increased.

Additionally, television faces a digital future that will see the merger of television and PC technology. The television set of the future will include a micro-computer, a modem of interconnectivity with other computers over networks, intranets, and the internet, and be connectable to computer peripherals such as printers. Such capabilities as near "video on demand" (NVOD), "video on demand," "access to the world wide web," "audio on demand," etc., will present the viewer with a plethora of information and bandwidth.

As has become increasingly evident, information overload can actually reduce the usefulness of the information delivered. Accordingly, a great challenge exists to provide an interface that manages and provides an intelligent, user-friendly interface to the information available.

Consequently, television schedule systems that are provided directly on the viewer's television screen have been developed to assist the viewer in sorting through these various programs and determining which programs to watch or record. One such television schedule system is disclosed in commonly assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,353,121 (Young et al.), the complete disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference. In one embodiment of Young, the television

2

schedule includes a series of menu screens having an array of cells corresponding to different television programs. The viewer may scroll through the cells to view which television programs are being presented on various channels at various times. In addition, the viewer may select certain cells to obtain more information on the associated program or to pull up other submenus with additional options.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The recent development of television schedule systems, such as the above described patent to Young, have created many new challenges. Today's guides have only a single source listing, with all available programming presented in a time-based schedule grid. There is also no current ability to allow third parties with different finding/filtering criteria to create useful listings and/or access for viewers.

Also, there is an increasingly important dual need among users to both screen out unwanted programming and find desired programming. As the number of programs/events accessible increases, these issues will become even more important and current strategies such as simple program ratings will not be effective or efficient enough to handle these interrelated user needs.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is related to the complementary aspects of Finding Programming and Blocking Programming. The model assumes that certain channels are available to a viewer and other channels are accessible.

According to one aspect of the invention, Editable Filters (EFs) are created based on a standardized program database. These EFs include a basic menu supplied upon startup and optional menus which could be included in the SS database or be downloadable from the WWW. Third party editors will be able to build an EF by utilizing entries which are used to interact with the DB.

According to another concept of the invention, the editable filters are ordered in a hierarchy. Channel select and parental control filters will supersede all other filters.

3

Thus, even if a selected EF allows a program, parental control will override the selection.

According to another aspect of the invention, the viewer will register to use a list.

Other features and advantages will be apparent in view of the detailed description filed herewith and the following claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1A is a schematic drawing of a television system;

5

15

20

35

Fig. 1B is schematic diagram depicting of an implementation of a filter;

Fig. 2A is a schematic diagram depicting source provider guide listings and third-party edited listings;

Fig. 2B is a schematic diagram depicting alternative formats of an EPG display;

Fig. 3 is a schematic diagram of a system of selecting filters; and

Fig. 4 is a schematic diagram depicting program/event sources for a PCTV utilizing a filter system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Electronic programming guides (EPGs) are well-known in the art. One type of programming guide is provided by the assignee of the present invention, StarSight and described in U.S. Patent No. 5,169,274, is displayed as a grid of program entries with the vertical axis of the grid being the channels or program sources of program entries and the horizontal axis being starting times of programming entries. Other EPGs are provides by satellite services.

An EPG is generated from a data base based on programming provided by a local service provider. Existing EPG services include some program blocking features and also provide for selecting favorite channels and ordering the channels in a preferred manner.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

4

In a preferred embodiment, the electronic program guide of the invention may be implemented either on a personal computer, a PCTV, a television connected to a set-top box, or a television including a custom board. However, the invention is not limited to any particular hardware configuration and will have increased utility as new combinations of computers and television systems are developed. In the following, any of the above will sometimes be referred to as a "TV system." Block diagrams of representative TV systems are depicted in Fig. 1A. Details of implementation are not depicted because the invention is not limited to any particular TV system.

As is well-known, the picture to be displayed may be transmitted as an analog signal, for example according to the NTSC standard utilized in the United States, or as a digital signal modulated onto an analog carrier. The signals may be received over a cable or via an antenna or satellite dish. Typically, television sets are designed to receive analog signals and computer display devices are designed to display pictures encoded in a digital format. However, the decoder system converts the digital data to an analog signal for display on a television set and TV modems can format analog TV signals for display on a monitor.

In Fig. 1A, analog or digital TV signals, received via cable 30, antenna 32, or satellite dish 34, are provided to a television system. If the signal is from a digital broadcast service, then a decoder 36 converts the signal to baseband video and audio or channel 3/4 RF. If the signal is an analog signal it is passed through as a live video output. The television system 38, depending on its configuration, receives selected ones of the outputs and displays the received program.

A PCTV includes a TV card 42, connected to either live video, baseband video, or channel 3/4 output, digitizes the video image and displays the video image in a resizable window on the computer monitor. The PCTV is also coupled to land telephone lines by a modem 44.

If the received signal is an analog TV signal, the TV card of the PCTV digitizes the analog signal and extracts

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

5

included information from the vertical blanking intervals. On the other hand, if the signal is a digital signal, separate audio, video, VBI (vertical blanking information such as closed caption, teletext, and program related information), program guide, and conditional access information are provided as separate bitstreams. The video and audio bitstreams for programs are converted to a format for display and the program guide information is processed to form a program guide database. The processor, executing software stored in memory, generates interactive electronic program guide images and images of received programs. The guide can be used to interact with and control programs displayed in the window.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, filters are utilized to select and screen programming displayed by an EPG. In this context, a filter is a mechanism for selecting programs based on a selected criteria.

However, for a filter to be useful in the present context, it is in the form of a list of programs or event entries where the entries must be in a format usable by the EPG generating system.

An example of a usable format for filters is depicted in Fig. 1. In Fig. 1, a filter 100 is a list of program or event entries 102. The filter entitled "The Sci-Fi Fan's Guide" is a list of programs selected according to a criteria that selects programs of interest to sci-fi fans.

The format for a program or event entry is depicted in the table 104. The information in the table is used by the EPG generating system to generate an EPG display as described below. The table could be formatted in HTML so that the filter entries 102 could be displayed in a user friendly format 106.

In a preferred embodiment both service provider guide listings and third-party edited guide listings are utilized to select programming displayed in the EPG.

5

15

20

25

30

Examples of Subscription-based, Filtering Program/Event Services; live or archived

- e.g.: The Family-Friendly subscription service

 (delivering a described/understood mix of general audience programs/events, some of which may be custom-selected according to a subscriber's viewing history/preferences.)
- e.g.: The Science Source subscription service (delivering a described/understood mix of science-related programs/events, some of which may be custom-selected according to a subscriber's viewing history/preferences.)
 - e.g.: Bob Smith's Cult Film Access Listing (allowing a Starsight user to incorporate a third party's list into the Guide) (providing access links to a described/understood mix of cult film-related programs/events.)

Fig. 2 illustrates the use of third-party edited guide listings. The entire universe of available programming is indicated by the list of all programs/events provided by the local service provider 200.

As depicted in Fig. 2A, some of the programs listed in the Sci-Fi Fan's Guide are either not available (light gray bar) or available/not accessible (dark gray bar). A program available but not accessible is a premium program not subscribed to by the user.

The EPG generator utilizes to filter to display those programs available/accessible in the EPG. Alternatively, programs available/not accessible might also be displayed as an incentive to the viewer to subscribe to the premium program which meets a selected filter's criteria. This could be a powerful revenue generator for the service provider.

Fig. 2B depicts alternate ways of formatting an EPG.

For programs events which are available only at prescribed times the show listings are displayed in a grid 250. Those programs/events which are randomly accessible, e.g., archives,

7

libraries, file libraries, etc., appear in a list section of the EPG.

In a preferred embodiment, the actual filtering of the programs to be displayed in an EPG is performed utilizing the Program\Event ID in the entry table 104 (Fig. 1).

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In the present embodiment, the EPG generator provides an interactive filter selective mechanism. In Fig. 3, a user configuration screen 300 lists both service provider filters 302 and third-party filters 304. Each time a new filter is added it is registered with the EPG generator and added to the list in the user configuration screen 300. Only those programs filtered by the selected filters will be displayed on the EPG screen 306.

In a preferred embodiment, the filters may be prioritized. For example, in a family with small children the most important criteria might be that a program be included in the Family Friendly Viewing filter. This filter is assigned the highest priority. Then, for example, a program included in the Sci-Fi Fan's filter but not included in the Family Friendly Viewing filter would not be displayed in the guide. Further, the filters could be prioritized by time. Family Friendly Viewing would have the highest priority during the hours when children are viewing and then automatically drop to a later priority during late hours.

In the example described above with reference to Fig. 2A, the filters were applied to programming provided by the local service provider over a cable. However, as depicted in Fig. 4, the filters may also be applied to programs and events delivered by non-cable sources such as wireless, Internet, and satellite. These non-cable sources 400 supply program guide data to the EPG generator 402 which is stored in a data base. The filters can then be applied to program data stored in the data base to generate a filtered EPG for cable and non-cable programming.

Another use of non-cable supplied information is to use the internet to provide offers for premium cable-supplied subscription services. The subscription is initiated through

8

the internet and premium subscription service is made available to the user.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

first or second subsets.

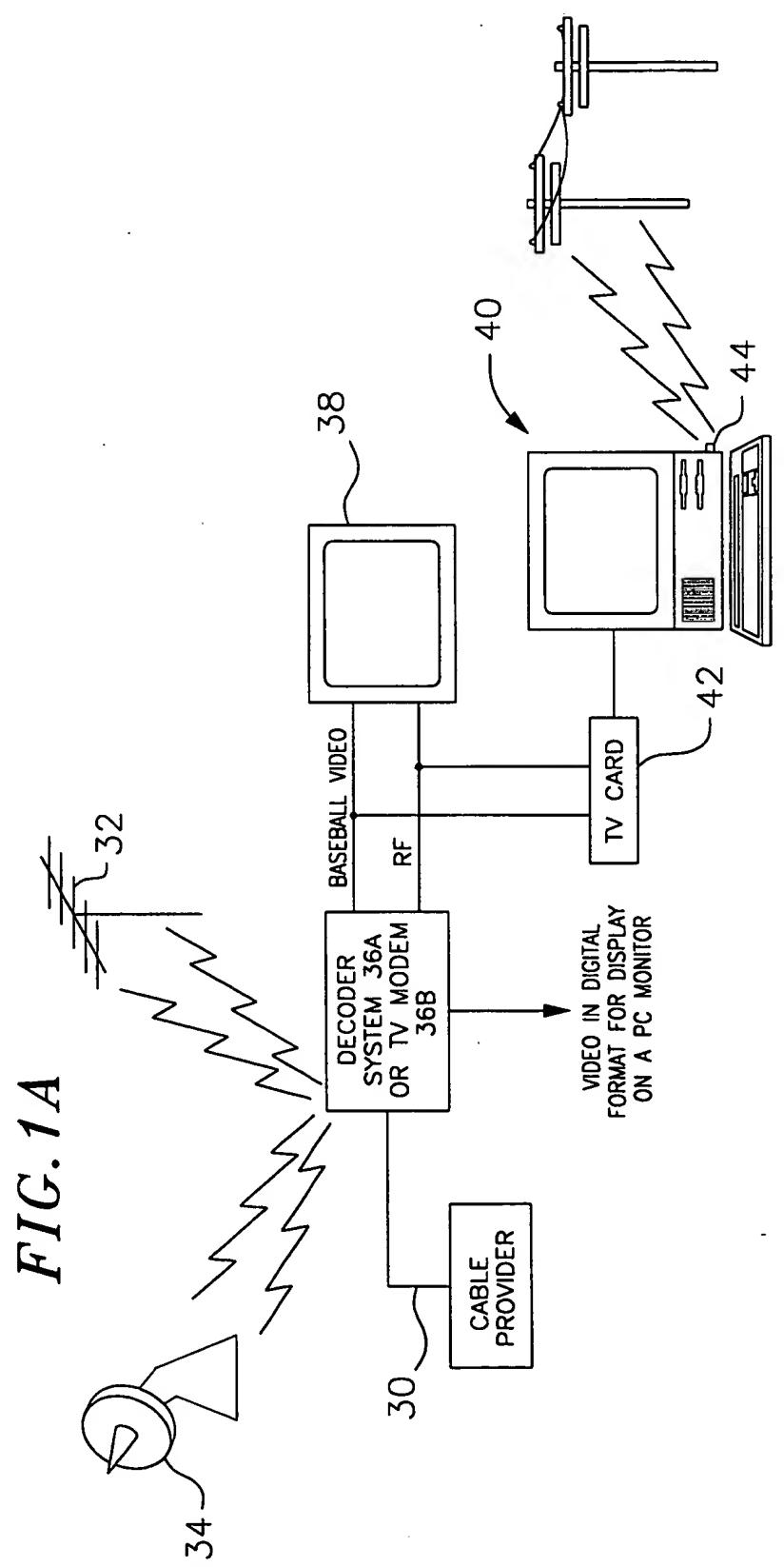
7

1	1. A method for managing programming comprising:
2	storing a database of available programming;
3	utilizing a first filter, which selects a first
4	subset of programs according to some criteria, to generate an
5	electronic program guide displaying programming includes in
6	said first subset.

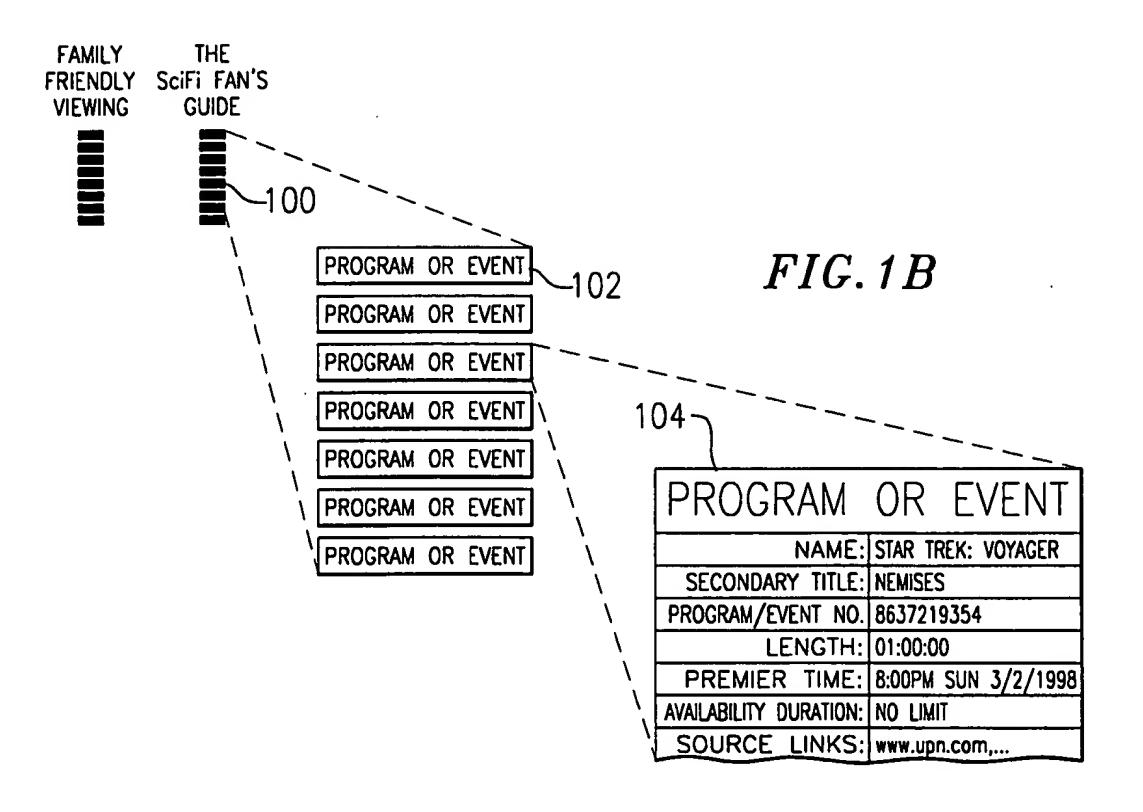
- 2. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of:
 3 utilizing said first filter and a second filter,
 4 with the second filter selecting a second subset of programs
 5 according to another criteria, to generate an electronic
 6 programming including all programs included in either said
- 3. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of:

 utilizing said first filter and a second filter,

 with the second filter selecting a second subset of programs according to another criteria and having a higher priority than said first filter, to generate an electronic programming including only programs included in both said first and second subsets.
- 1 4. The method of claim 1 further comprising the 2 step of:
- creating a filter utilizing program/event entries in the programming database.



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



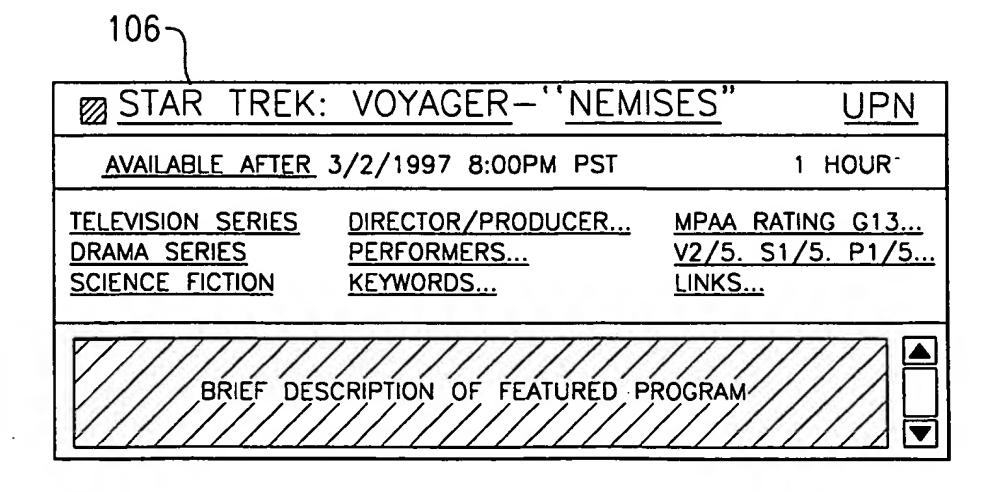
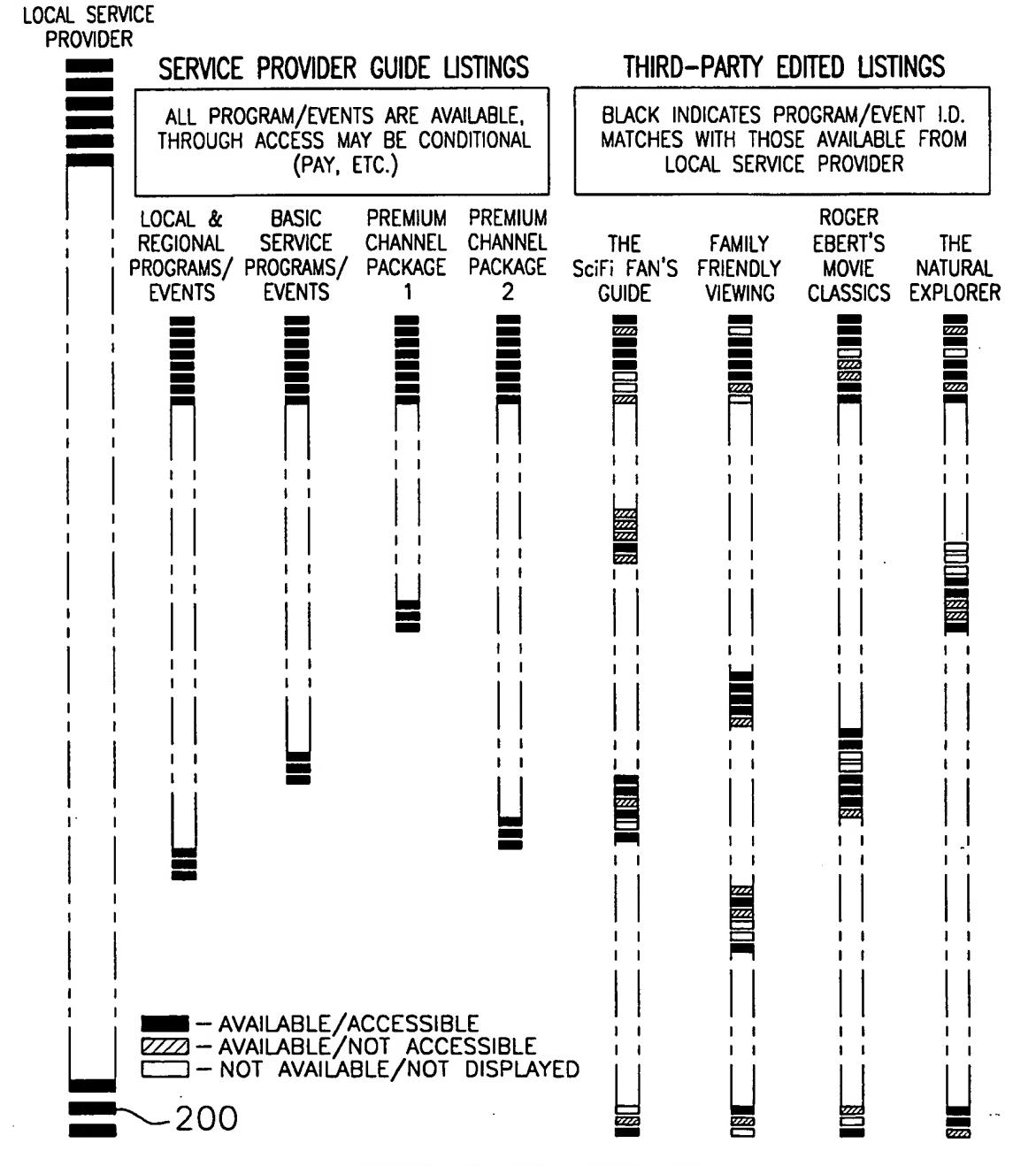


FIG.2A

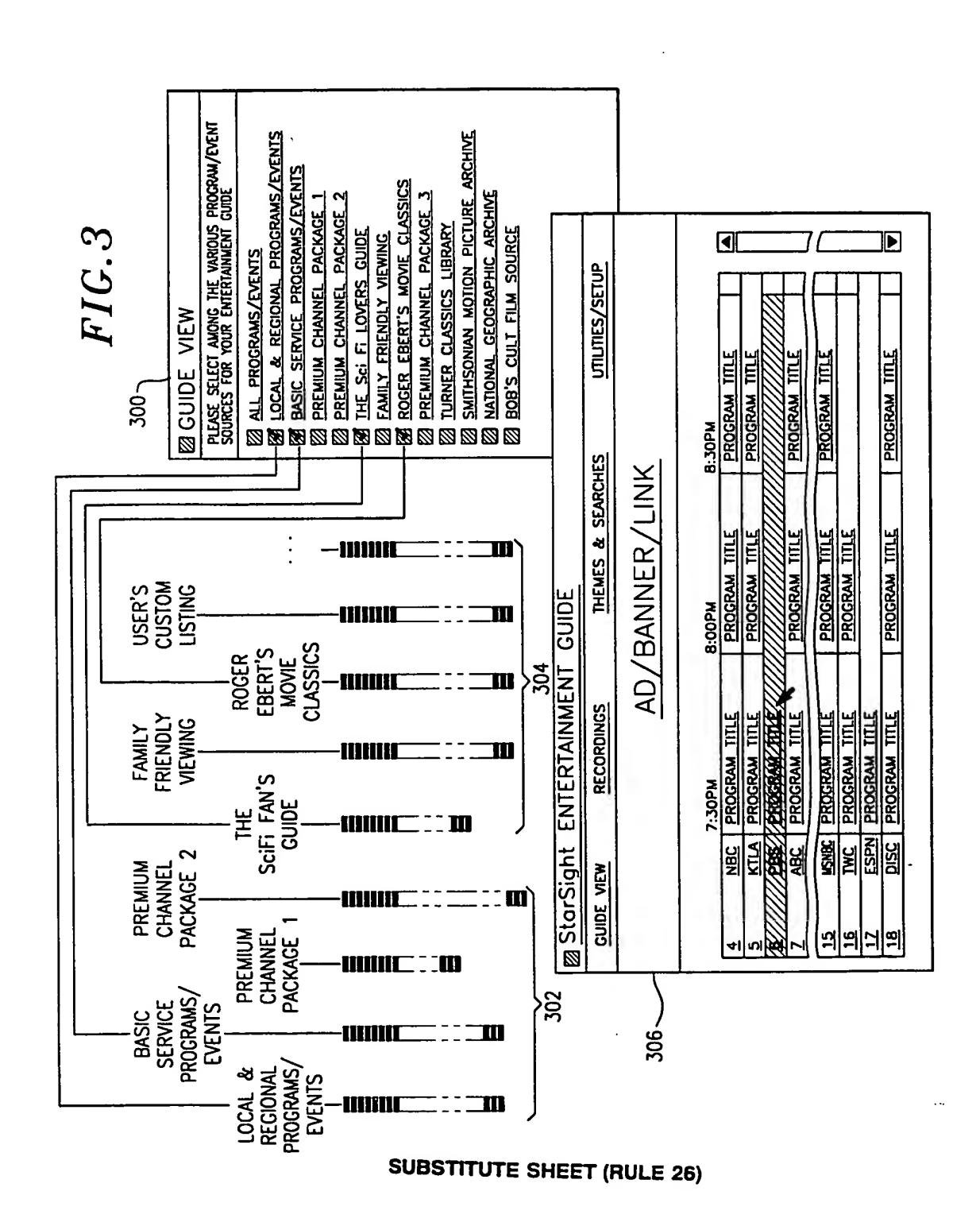
ALL AUTOMATIC FILTERING OF THIRD—PARTY EDITED LISTINGS PROGRAM/EVENTS BY WHAT'S AVAILABLE/ACCESSIBLE AVAILABLE THROUGH

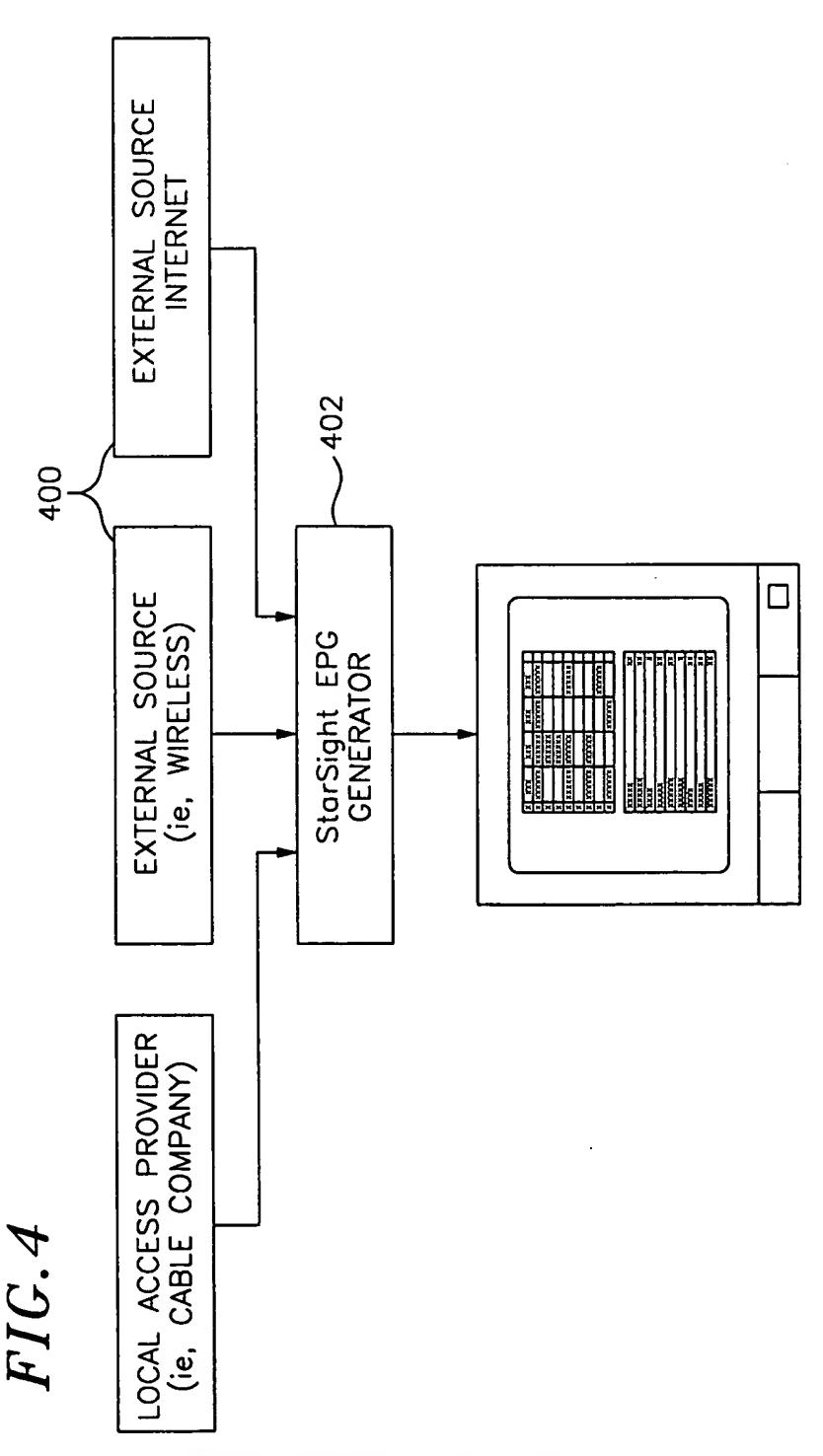


SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

FIG.2B

▼		ME													3			 					 	3		
9:30PM	NEWS	JOOHS TSUC	LOCAL NEWS	BASEBALL	PAID PROGRAM	ഗ	SILK STALKING	ROBO COP)		PG	R	PG-1.	1	&	PG	PG	œ	œ	ပ	ŀ	PG-1	PG	
9:00PM	HOME IMPROVEMENT	SEINFELD	NEWS	HAPPY DAYS	NEWS		SILK STALKING	ROBO COP		1	BACKGROUNI 	PROGRAMS													(1983)	
8:30PM	VERONICA'S CLOSET	LOCAL PROGRAM	THE SIMPSONS	GOING PLACES	PAID PROGRAM	LAW & ORDER	RTS	RECUE 911			- TV SCREEN	PAY PER VIEW		3)	(1997)		1998)		AGAIN (1983)		(1987)	()	VII	۱ (1988)	DANGEROUSLY (
:н 8:00РМ	2 PROMISE LAND		FRIEND	5 RUNNING MAN	6 EL NINO	7 NEWS	8 STAR TREK	9 SEA QUEST					AIRPLANE (1980)	SS	THE FIFTH ELEMENT	ELTON JOHN LIVE	EXTRA MARITAL (1	LEGEND (1985)	VER	NE (1980)	THE RUNNING MAN	SPACE JAM (1996)	HOLMES	U2 RATTLE AND HUM	THE YEAR OF LIVING	





SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)